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Closing Quotations:  
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# The Hongkong Telegraph

WEATHER FORECAST  
FINE.  
Barometer 29.95.

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October 17, 1916, Temperature 6 a.m. 73 2 p.m. 77  
Humidity 77 63

October 17, 1916, Temperature 6 a.m. 81 2 p.m. 82  
Humidity 79 76

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7487 日一廿九

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1916.

二月十日英語

## TELEGRAMS. CONDENSED.

IN THE CARSO REGION THE ITALIANS ARE ATTACKING WITH 260,000 MEN. A THOUSAND ITALIAN GUNS HAVE BEEN FIRING FOR ELEVEN DAYS. BRITISH PATROLS PENETRATED BULSUK, NINE MILES FROM DEMIRHISAR. THE SITUATION ON THE DOIRAN FRONT REMAINS UNCHANGED. M. FILIPESCU, RUMANIAN SUPPORTER OF THE ALLIES, IS DEAD. IT IS BELIEVED THAT THE U.S. IS RETURNING FROM U.S. TO GERMANY. IN TEN DAYS 130,000 AUSTRALIANS HAVE BEEN REGISTERED. AUSTRALIAN COPPER & LEAD MINERS ARE EXEMPTED FOR THREE MONTHS. MOST VIOLENT FIGHTING IS REPORTED ON THE BAPAUME ROAD. THE FRENCH HAVE SUCCEEDED IN PENETRATING SAILLY-SAILLISEL. THE BRITISH HAVE ENTERED ENEMY TRENCHES AT MANY POINTS. A GERMAN ATTACK ON SCHWAEBEN REDOUBT ENDED IN HEAVY LOSSES. HEAVY BATTLES ARE REPORTED BY THE RUSSIANS AT MANY POINTS. THE RUSSIANS HAVE TAKEN 1,187 FURTHER PRISONERS. THE ENTENTE HAS RECOGNISED THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT IN CRETE.

[All telegrams appearing in large type are the latest, having been received during the course of the day. Those in small type have come through over-night.]

## THE RUSSIANS.

Big Battles in Progress.

[Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph."]

October 16, 3.35 p.m.

A Russian official message says:—In the region of Krymka and Kichibek the enemy delivered fierce attacks without success. We took 1,187 prisoners.

South of Lornavatra great enemy forces assumed the offensive. In the region of Krymka, twenty-four miles west-south-west of Linsk, stubborn fighting continues. The enemy, who counter-attacked here with hand grenades, was charged with asphyxiating gasses and repulsed with heavy losses.

Obstinate battles are also proceeding at Zborow, about midway between Ternopol and Lemberg.

## AUSTRALIA'S RESPONSE.

October 16, 12.20 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Melbourne states that 139,000 men, of whom 60,000 have been passed for service, have registered in the Commonwealth in ten days.

Half of the exemption claims have so far been allowed. All copper and lead miners have been exempted for three months.

## ALLIED SYMPATHISER'S DEATH.

October 16, 12.40 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Bucharest reports the death of M. Filipescu, a strong supporter of the Allies.

## THE NEW SUBMARINE CAMPAIGN.

October 19, 12.40 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Washington says officials believe that the U.S. is now returning to Germany, and that it is the intention of the German Admiralty to make sudden raids, after which the submarines will return home to replenish.

## THE ROLL OF HONOUR.

Casualties Amongst Far Eastern Men.

Captain J. M. Stenhouse, R.A.M.C., who died of wounds on August 25, as we have already reported, had been recommended for the D.S.O. for his bravery and devotion to duty during the recent fighting. Captain Stenhouse did Red Cross work in China during the recent revolution there. He was decorated with the Order of the Double Dragon for his work during the outbreak of pneumonic plague in 1910-11, when he spent seven weeks in Harbin fighting the disease.

Captain Evan James Stanley Vaughan, Middlesex Regiment, whose death is reported as killed in action on August 18, was 26 years of age and the elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Stanley Vaughan. He was educated at Moulton Grammar School and Dulwich College. After serving in the West Kent Yeomanry for three years, Captain Vaughan went to Japan in 1911, but gave up his very promising business career in Kibato soon after the outbreak of war and received a commission in the British Army. He was transferred and promoted captain in the Middlesex Regiment, in 1916. His marriage was to have taken place shortly. His Commanding Officer wrote in a letter to his mother: "He died leading his men into action in the most gallant way; he has been one of my most reliable company commanders."

Lieutenant Lothrop Lewis de Berniere-Saulib, R.F.A. Brigade, whose death in hospital at Sheen

TELEGRAMS.

## THE ALLIED OFFENSIVE.

Important Enemy Attack Falls.

[Reuter's Service to the "Telegraph."]

October 16, 1.35 p.m.

General Sir Douglas Haig, in a communiqué, says an important enemy attack on the Schwaben Redoubt was repulsed with heavy losses for the enemy.

The text of the communiqué is as follows:—Heavy hostile shelling continued during the night south of the Acre.

We drove back small bombing attacks north of Condrocette without difficulty.

A more important attack delivered on the Schwaben Redoubt, after heavy artillery preparation, and assisted by flammenwerfer, was also repulsed with heavy enemy losses.

We successfully entered the enemy's trenches during the night to the north-east of Ypres, south-east of St. Eloi and east of Plicqetstreet. A number of the enemy was killed and prisoners were taken.

Violent Fighting on French Front.

October 16, 4.05 p.m.

A Paris communiqué states:—We penetrated last evening the village of Sainly-Sailliesel and occupied houses along the Bapaume road as far as the central cross-roads. The enemy counter-attacked and most violent fighting continues.

We repulsed German attacks in St. Eloi wood and to the south-east of Bellay en Santerre.

## IN THE BALKANS.

The British Advance.

October 16, 1.15 p.m.

A British official message states:—Our patrols penetrated Bulek, nine miles south-west of Demirhissar.

The situation on the Doiran front is unchanged.

## A GREAT ITALIAN ATTACK.

October 16, 12.00 p.m.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Zurich, telegrams from the Austrian front state that 260,000 Italians have been incessantly attacking in the Carso region for twenty-two hours. A thousand guns have been firing violently and uninterruptedly for eleven days and nights, while storming columns advance, in narrow and most deep formation, in continuous waves, accompanied by machine guns and even cannon.

## THE SHOOTING OF MR. SKEFFINGTON.

October 16, 8.10 p.m.

The Report of the Committee of Inquiry into the shooting of Mr. Sheehy Skeffington, the Irish journalist, says that, apart from insanity, there was no excuse for the conduct of Captain Colthurst. The report animadverts on Captain Colthurst's failure to realise the elementary principle that the shooting of unarmed and unresisting civilians without trial constitutes murder, whether martial law is proclaimed or not.

## THE NEW JAPANESE CABINET.

An Able and Promising Combination.

Tokyo, Oct. 9.—The new Cabinet is as follows:—

Field Marshal Count Terauchi, Premier and Minister of Finance:—

Viscount Motono, Minister for Foreign Affairs;

Baron Goto, Minister of Home Affairs;

General Oshima, Minister of the Army;

Admiral Kato, Minister of the Navy;

Mr. Okada, Minister of Education;

Dr. Matsudaira, Minister of Justice;

Baron Dan, Minister of Communications;

Mr. Nakashoji, Minister of Agriculture and Commerce.

The Cabinet has been confirmed and installed. While surprised at the failure of their forecasts, the Conservatives accept it as an indication of the determination of Count Terauchi to preserve complete independence of party factional control.

The combination of Count Terauchi, Viscount Motono and Baron Goto is regarded as particularly promising as assuring that the administration, both in international and local affairs, will have political ability of a high order.

Count Terauchi has selected as Vice-Minister of Finance Mr. K. Hoda, Governor of the Bank of

Chosen, who is young and of recognized ability. Dr. Matsudaira, Minister of Justice, and Mr. Nakashoji, Minister of Agriculture and Commerce, were members of the third Kataoka Cabinet.

The faction, party and opposition newspapers, with the Doshikai and the followers of Viscount Kato, Marquis Okuma and Mr. Ozaki are preparing to agitate against the Government, but it is believed that the Soiyukai will support the Government at while a considerable section of the Doshikai, which was founded by Prince Kataoka originally, supported by Baron Goto, may be converted to the new Ministry.

Statement by the Premier.

Immediately after the ceremony of installation Field Marshal Count Terauchi said to a representative of the *Kokusai* Agency:—

"The foreign policy of Japan

does not change with the Cabinet.

Our friends abroad are a rare

of being deported by the Japanese

Government shortly, and are

making preparations to wind up

their affairs and go to the United

States.—*Japan Chronicle*.

## THE DEUTSCH ASIATISCHE BANK.

Its Pernicious Activities.

With reference to the closing of the Kobe and Yokohama offices of the Deutsch-Asiatische Bank by order of the Japanese Government, the *Meiji* learn that in February last the German Government transferred to the Kobe branch of the bank some millions of yen received from the Chinese Government as interest on German loans and Baxter indemnity. A part of this money, continues the *Osaka* paper, was sent to the Yokohama branch and thence to the United States to finance German intrigues and machinations there. Moreover, part of the money was used in Japan in ways inimical to the interests of this country. The *Meiji* adds that among the staffs of the German firms now in Yokohama some are certain of being deported by the Japanese Government shortly, and are making preparations to wind up their affairs and go to the United States.—*Japan Chronicle*.

the requirements of good neighbourhood and friendship. It certainly must be unnecessary for me to assure or to guarantee to anyone Japan's good faith; nor is it necessary for me to waste words contradicting or denying the malicious assumptions and most unwarranted presumptions of those who misinterpret our best for Japan to conserve all

## GERMAN NERVOUSNESS.

Allies' Offensive and the War Loan.

Amsterdam, Sept. 5.—The offensive on the Western front again absorbs public attention to the exclusion of almost everything else. Before the latest reports were known the *Frankfurter Zeitung* described the new battle as of quite extraordinary importance, both as regards the extent of the fighting front and the severity of the conflict. This admission is interesting, as the German newspapers, through their war correspondents, have recently been insisting with almost wearisome iteration that the Somme offensive was played out. This is not the opinion of Dutch observers, whose comment on the latest developments is that the Allies achieved their present position despite unfavourable circumstances, and that it is only reasonable to assume now that they have obtained a *terminus* better adapted to a great offensive further successes may be expected.

It is easy to recognize in the German Press the anxiety now prevailing. The *Loekalzeiger* contains an article by Herr Emil Zimmerman beginning:—

"The entrance of Rumania into the war on the side of our adversaries has increased the difficulty of the situation. We must also reckon on the strengthening of the Entente by Greece by means of compulsion." Herr Zimmerman adds that the Allies doubtless cherish the illusion that the new situation will react unfavourably on the fifth War Loan.

From the many references to the loan to be found in the German Press and the repeated exhortations to subscribe, it seems pretty evident that the public are getting a little tired of loans unaccompanied by victories. Even General von Bismarck seems depressed, for, as is noted here, in a recent interview on his administration given to the *Vossische Zeitung*, he contemplated a day coming when the Belgians would demand of their Government the same social measures as those employed by Germany for the benefit of her working classes.

The *Telegraf* points out that the man who refers by implication to the return of the Belgian Government as an event not to be excluded is the man who at the moment stands in the place of the Belgian Government. The *Telegraf* asks whether this sentence, so cleverly slipped into the interview, may not well be one of the manoeuvres which official Germany finds necessary for preparing its own public for a certain shortening of the front which Flindern will consider requisite for the protection of Germany, and which will necessitate in the first place the evacuation of Belgium, at least of the part as far as the Meuse line.—*Times*.

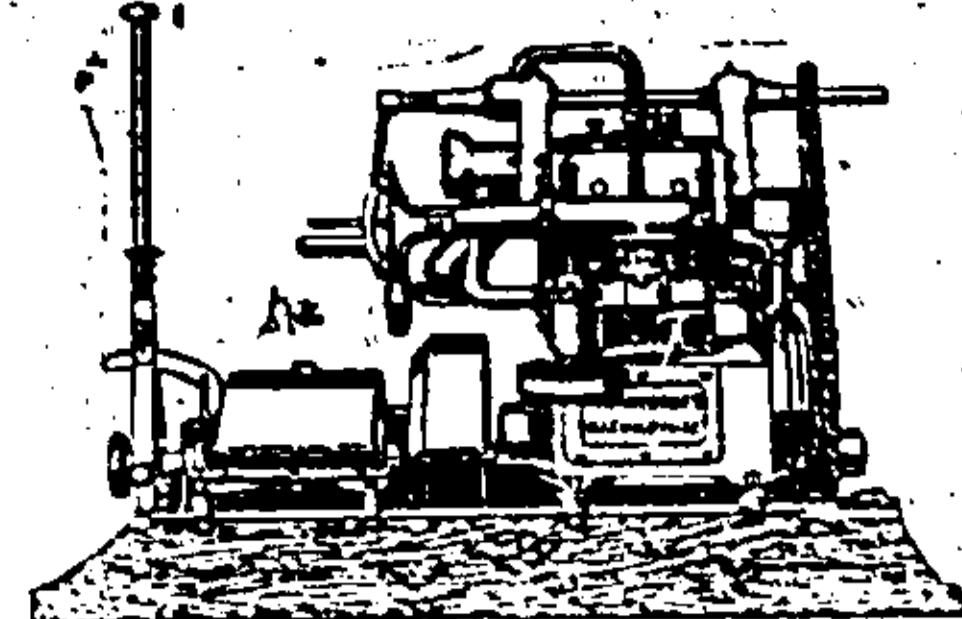
## DON'T FORGET.

TO-DAY.  
Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.  
Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.  
New Hongkong Cinematograph—9.15 p.m.

TO-MORROW.  
Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.  
Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.  
New Hongkong Cinematograph—9.15 p.m.

Thursday, October 19.  
"Our Day."—Fair at Murray Parade ground, Tolo and Concert at British Gardens.

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## GENERAL NEWS.

Rowdy Indian Students, Madras, September 12.—Professor J. B. Saja, Professor of Philosophy in the Madras Christian College, addressed a crowded public meeting yesterday on the Interpretation of Indian History. The Hon'ble Sir P. S. Sivaswami Aiyar presided. During the course of the students present created a disturbance; made it somewhat difficult for him to make himself heard by the large audience. When the meeting dispersed the group of students outside the hall behaved to him in the same disrespectful fashion.

Japanese Consul for Chengchiatun.

The Minister says that as the result of the new Sino-Japanese Convention concluded last year, the establishment of Japanese Consulates at various places in Manchuria and Mongolia has been agreed upon. So far, however, Japanese Consulates have not been established in all these places. For instance, Chengchiatun, where the recent "incident" occurred which has been made the subject of diplomatic negotiations between Japan and China, is one of the places where no Japanese Consulate has yet been established. Mr. Iwamura Ssein has just been appointed Japanese Consul for Chengchiatun, and left Kobe for his post on September 29, by the steamer KAGMARU.

England Still the Obstacle.

A South German journal, the *Schwabische Zeitung*, recently published a very pessimistic article dealing with the war. It contained the following passage:—

"While the German armies have not yet reached Paris or London, it would be futile to discuss the question of annexation. What we have done up to the present is but child's play compared with the task remaining for us to accomplish. Even if the Russians, Indians and all the Allies were vanquished on the Continent that would not suffice to destroy the naval supremacy of England. Unless a miracle happens, this will not be realised, even if the war lasts thirty years. The prolongation of the war would place us in the direst misery and expose us to the most grave peril."

A Posthumous Kingsley Novel.

A literary "find" which we shall have next month in book form is Charles Kingsley's posthumous novel, "The Totor's Story" says the *Observer* of October 3. There is reason to suppose that he laid it aside

## GENERAL NEWS.

French Golf Champion Wounded. Arnaud Masey, open ex-champion golfer of Great Britain and France, has been wounded in action by an explosive shell. The injuries are to his right thigh, and he is now a patient in one of the hospitals at the front.

Deutschland's Dye Cargo. It was at the outset reported that the German submarine Deutschland's dye cargo amounted to 1,000 tons. This was subsequently reduced to 750 and again to 200 tons. It now transpires that it was between 125 and 150 tons.

Cyclone at Raub. A cyclonic storm passed over Raub on Sept. 24. The main ward of the Government Hospital was blown down, and is now mass of debris. Several shop-houses suffered in like manner. There were no casualties. The damage done to estates is surprisingly small.

Descendants Wanted. The Government of Ceylon wishes to trace the descendants of Sir George William Anderson and Sir Charles Justin McCarthy, who were Governors of the Colony in 1850-55 and 1863-65 respectively, with the object of ascertaining whether there are in existence any portraits of these two gentlemen. The Crown Agents for the Colonies, at No. 4, Millbank, Westminster, S. W., would be glad to receive any information which might serve this purpose.

Rubber Dealers Proposed Amendment of Law. The F.M.S. Government Gazette contains the draft of an Enclosure to amend the Federal Rubber Dealers' Enactment of 1909. As the law stands no person other than a licensed dealer may purchase cultivated rubber, and even he may purchase it only at his own place of business. It follows that, for lack of buyers, an auction sale of cultivated rubber cannot lawfully be held. This has occasioned inconvenience, particularly in connection with proceedings for the recovery of debts. The object of this Bill is to render such auction sales practicable by relaxing the restrictions upon licensed dealers. At the same time certain duties are imposed upon auctioneers in order that in case of need the identification of cultivated rubber sold by them may be facilitated.

Calcutta Voting Hardship. Calcutta, September 9.—The inequality of the Municipal voting in Calcutta has again been brought up, this time by the European Association, which brings to the notice of the Bengal Government that within the last few years the practice of living in flats in large buildings, specially constructed, has been adopted, and would appear to be growing. Similarly large buildings intended for offices have been built in the business portion of the city. These residential flats and offices are let out to numbers of tenants, mostly, if not altogether, Europeans, who pay to the landlord an inclusive rent, the landlord discharging both occupiers and owners' Municipal Taxes. The result is that the landlord, subject to the legal maximum, obtain all votes; and the tenants not being entered in the Municipal books as ratepayers, have no votes at all in respect of rates which they actually pay, although for convenience they are included in the rent.

If you have lost your appetite one of the big variety of dainty dishes at the ALEXANDRA CAFE is sure to tempt you.

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OPHTHALMIC OPTICIAN.

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IN THE COLONY.

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Each tablet contains 0.10 grammes of pure RHODINE. From 1 to 6 tablets a day may be taken, according to physicians' prescription.

RHODINE is a special remedy for acute rheumatism. If taken in proper dose, it will often cure and always alleviate headache, neuralgia, stomachic pains, etc., if those complaints find their origin in rheumatism.

It is very valuable in influenza, typhoid fever and in all kinds of infectious diseases attended by feverishness.

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such as Eczema, Scurf, Bed-Sores, Ulcers, Glandular Swellings, Rashes, Pimples, &c. of any kind. If you have a Skin Disease, Gout, etc. etc. If so, don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and nostrums. The cause of the skin disease is the condition of the skin. What you want, and what you must have to be permanently cured, is a medicine that will penetrate the skin, and not sit on top of it. The greater the power of penetration the greater will be the cure. The true cause of all your suffering is Clarke's Blood Mixture. It is just such a medicine. It is Clarke's Blood Mixture, so prepared to take and prevent the disease, that it is the most effective medicine known.

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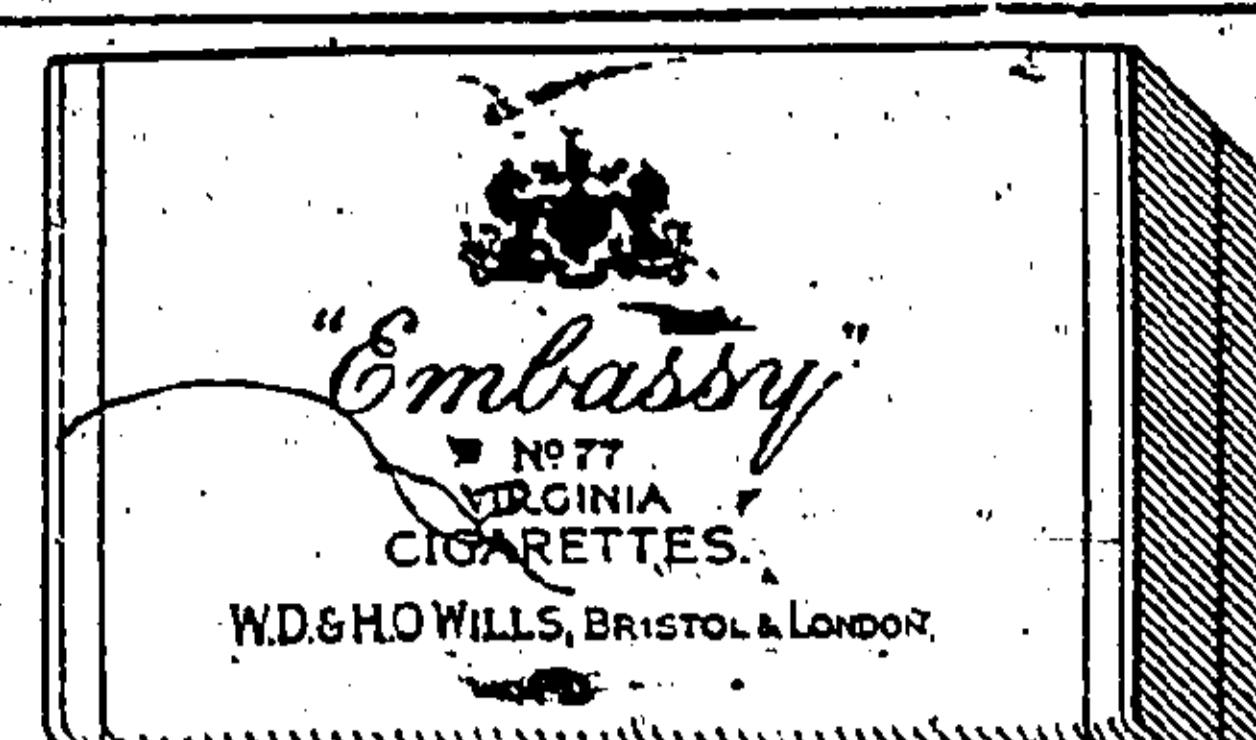
CREDITORS are required to send in their claims to the Undersigned on or before TUESDAY, October 31, 1916.

WE are the leading Manufacturers in this class of Goods. Our Fruit & Gingern are all fresh and of the first pick. Our Syrup is prepared from the best quality of Sugar. We give our special attention to the business and sanitary arrangement.

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No. 18 Queen's Road Central  
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Dated September 27, 1916.

## NOTICES.



"EMBASSY." No. 77.  
FRESH STOCKS HAVE NOW ARRIVED  
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They fit the coat pocket perfectly.  
ON SALE AT ALL CLUBS AND STORES.

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THEIR SPORTS DEPARTMENT HAS JUST RECEIVED  
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GENUINE MCGREGOR FOOTBALLS, SHIN GUARDS,  
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Where You will get Expert Service and every Satisfaction.

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## REPAIRS! REPAIRS!! REPAIRS!!!

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ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF HIGH GRADE WATCHES.

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## SMOKE THE POPULAR CIGARETTES

## M. C. C.

CORK TIPPED. .... . . . . \$1.50

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M. C. C. SPECIAL. .... . . . . \$1.25

PLAIN TIPPED. Per 20, 35 cents.

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SOLE AGENT:—CRAEKO-EGYPTIAN TOBACCO STORE.

The Craeko-Egyptian Tobacco Store has always in stock, from all high class Egyptian Cigarette manufacturers, fresh stocks, such as Mentor, Gispatch, M. D. Tocor, M. Malachia, Dimitri, Sim in Art, Messero Fers, Fajnoch Specials, Isherwood Brothers, W. Miller &amp; Sons, etc.

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**D R Y**  
**GINGER-ALE.**

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ITS "DRYNESS" IS A FEATURE WHICH HAS HELPED TO GIVE THIS DRINK THE POPULARITY IT SO WELL DESERVES.

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Telephone 616.

Correspondents are requested to observe the rule which requires them to forward their names and addresses with communications addressed to the Editor, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of their bona fides.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The rates of Subscription to the "Hongkong Telegraph" will be as follows:—

Daily issue—\$26 per annum.

Weekly issue—\$13 per annum.

The rates per quarter and per month are proportional. Subscriptions for any period less than one month will be charged as for a full month.

The daily issue is delivered free when the addressee is accessible to messenger. Peak subscribers can have their copies delivered at their residences without any extra charge. One copy sent by post an additional \$1.80 per quarter is charged for postage.

The postage on the weekly issue to any part of the world is \$1.00 per quarter.

Single Copies, Daily, ten cents. Weekly, twenty-five cents (for cash only).

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

(Payable in Advance.)

The "Hongkong Telegraph" is now on sale at, and will be delivered to subscribers by, the Dairy Farm Company, Ltd., Shamian, Canton, who have been appointed our agents there.

By Order,

"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

DEATH.

WOO LAI UN.—At his residence, No. 16a, Kennedy Road, Hongkong, on 14th inst., Woo Lai Un, aged 60 years.

**The Hongkong Telegraph.**

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1916.

**GREECE FROM HOUR TO HOUR.**

Yesterday's wires contained some account of a Keuter interview with M. Venizelos, and also of a speech delivered by that energetic politician, and into both new note is projected: that of open attempt for King Constantine. Hitherto M. Venizelos' utterances have implied a certain guardedness, and have betrayed little or no actual hostility on his part towards the King of Greece; but now we are forced to one of two conclusions: either that the speaker has been driven beyond the bounds of patience by the hopeless imbecility of his Sovereign, or else that the determined action of the Allies in regard to the Greek fleet and railways has abolished the need for further scruple as to plainness of speech. Whatever may be the solution, the fact remains the same: that the most influential man in Greece has published the statement that "the Provisional Government does not contemplate further representations to the King, as it is hopeless to expect that he will change."

In his banquet speech, M. Venizelos adopts a similar attitude. "The people have been led to the brink of a precipice by a conscienceless monarchy;" and his hearers not only cheer him to the echo, but they shout: "Down with the King! Down with Traitors!" With their boats thus burnt behind them, the members of the Venizelist party—a party, by the way, which now consists of "half of Old Greece, nine tenths of the population of New Greece and all the Islands"—stand out as potentially a very useful ally to the side of right and justice. In point of numbers alone they are by no means to be despised, for no pro-Constantine minority can hope to make the least headway, against them, and it is a foregone conclusion that there are thousands of hitherto timorous or wavering Greeks who, seeing the turn that events have taken, will have no choice but to decide in favour of the Provisional Government. The Allies' action in laying hands on the Greek fleet was something more than a local politico move; something more than a precaution against local Germans and pro-German meditated treachery. "It was a message to the King of Greece and to the Emperor of Germany: 'We have the power, and we mean to exercise it!' The waverers cannot possibly misinterpret such a message, and it may be taken as a certainty that, from now onwards, the adherents to the Provisional Government will increase almost hourly in consequence of it.

Those whom the gods wish to destroy, they first drive mad. King Constantine—virtually King no longer—has been given ample chance, both by his own subjects and by the Allies, to take a right and honest course. Only in a fatally disease mind could there exist the thinnest hope of profit to come from listening to the Kaiser's blandishments. King Constantine has had before him the example of Turkey. For years that luckless country has been under the hoof of Germany. At her bidding, the Sultan declared against the Allies, though his better judgment must have warned him that, whether Germany was victorious or vanquished, such a move on his part would only bring increased trouble, and final absorption by the disposal of the Entente, his position would have been assured. Heedless of the warning that lay under his eyes, King Constantine has shilly-shallied and temporised, always at heart a pro-German, and ready, had it not been for the strength and good sense of M. Venizelos, to declare openly an alliance with the Kaiser. His reward has come at last, for now he stands helpless, without a friend, and, as nearly as possible, without a kingdom.

"Our Day" Preparations. The arrangements for "Our Day" celebrations are well on towards completion, and it again becomes us to congratulate those who are responsible for putting the machinery in motion to successfully. October 19 promises to be one of the record days of the Colony. Certainly never since the Coronation in 1911 have people bestirred themselves in any public matter to a like extent, and we would once more urge our readers to resolve that well-organized festivals shall be of more frequent occurrence in future. For years past, the Telegraph has been seeking to show that Hongkong's want of public-spiritedness is a positive crime. To deprive a place of a reasonable amount of outdoor recreation, in which all can join, is to encourage young men to get into mischief; for they naturally ask: "What else is there to do in this Colony?" Paltry snobbishness and money-grabbing have made a place of torment of a Colony that could so easily have been one of the most attractive resorts in the East. Playing the Game.

But it is not too late to alter all this. The promenadeconcerts of last year proved that it is easily possible to interest the public in such festivities, and the Fair and illuminations next Thursday are going to drive the lesson home.

If a permanent committee were appointed to arrange for various celebrations, we should have no more of the disgraceful apathy and neglect which Hongkong evinced in connection with Empire Day and the War Anniversary. And, by the way, it is good to see that the Royal Hongkong Golf Club has been shrewd enough to anticipate any shirking which might possibly be indulged in, next Thursday, by those whose love of golf might allow them to forget that, on a day specially set apart for helping our wounded, their place is inside the City. They can play golf if they like, say the Club authorities; but it is going to cost them a ten-dollar subscription to "Our Day" Fund. Excellent, this; but are those in charge of the King's Park course, to say nothing of the various tennis clubs, going to follow the Club's lead? Half-measures will hardly serve in such a case.

Our Schools.

Mr. Ellis Kadoorie's interest in education has prompted him to yet another act of generosity, whereby the Indian community should profit greatly. There was admittedly a strong need for an exclusively Indian school, and the new place at Causeway Bay should exactly fill the gap. But what about the poor British boys? When is their turn coming? The years go on, and still no facilities are offered in this Colony for any school, above the elementary grade, for boys of purely European parentage. We cannot expect much of a Government like ours, but Hongkong British parents might, by agitation, do something to help themselves in this matter.

Before Mr. Melbourne, at the Police Court this morning, a Chinese was charged with being in unlawful possession of a quantity of zinc. Defendant said he had given a bricklayer 80 cents for the stuff. Sergeant Cockle said the man had been given every opportunity to find the bricklayer, but he had been unable to find him. A fine of \$100, or, in default, three months' imprisonment, was imposed.

Cruelty to Chickens.

Three Chinese were charged before Mr. Melbourne, at the Police Court to-day, with cruelty to a number of chickens by packing them too tightly in a crate. Defendants admitted the offence, and said the crates had been bought without misting. Sergeant Pitt said the legs of the birds were poking through the bottom of the crate and when the coolies put them down, the chickens' legs got broken. Defendants were fined \$5 each, and cautioned.

Medicine Exportation.

Before Mr. Melbourne, at the Police Court this morning, a Chinese was charged with attempting to export seven cases of Chinese medicine. Defendant said he was going to take the medicine with him to Swatow, and as he was taking it personally, he did not think it was necessary. Revenue Officer Clarke said that this kind of thing was getting very common again. A few months ago it slackened off. A fine of \$20 was imposed.

**DAY-BY-DAY.**

IT IS A LAMENTABLE FACT THAT, BEYOND ANY NATION OF THE WEST, THE BULK OF OUR PEOPLE REMAINS SUNK IN INTELLECTUAL APATHY.—Sir Arthur Evans.

The Weather. At the Peak 8 a.m. Temp. 70; sunshine. Lower level 8 a.m. Temp. 76; sunshine.

The Mails. American, Canadian and U. K. Mail.—Closed per s.s. Ixion at 2.30 p.m. to-day. Siberian Mail.—Closed per s.s. Luchow at 3 p.m. to-day.

The Dollar. The opening rate of the dollar on demand to-day was 2s. 27/16d.

To-morrow's Anniversary. To-morrow is the 90th anniversary of the last English lottery.

The Victoria and "Our Day." Owing to the "Our Day" celebrations on Thursday, the usual 9.15 p.m. performance at the Victoria Theatre will not be given.

Rubber Dividend. Messrs. Benjamin and Potts advise us that the Dominion Rubber Co., Ltd., has declared a second interim dividend of Ths. 0.50 (50 per cent.).

Alice Memorial Hospital.

The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial and Affiliated Hospitals beg to acknowledge with thanks the following donations to the funds of the Hospitals:—Rice Guild, \$100; Anonymous, \$10.

Victoria Theatre. The "What Not" made their annual appearance at the Victoria Theatre last night, in the presence of a good and appreciative house. To-night, the first and second episodes of the film drama, "The Broken Coin," will be screened at this theatre.

No Licence.

A Chinese was charged before Mr. Melbourne, at the Police Court this morning, with selling tobacco without a licence. Revenue Officer Lanigan said the man was in quite a big way of business, and all his neighbours who sold tobacco had licences. Defendant told his Worship that he did not know a licence was necessary. A fine of \$10 was imposed:

The "Khaki Bag."

Mrs. A. H. Milroy has sent a further draft of \$20 to the Weekly Dispatch tobacco fund, the amount including the \$58.70 collected at the recent Lawn Bowls League final. Part of this sum will go to the Northumberland Fusiliers and part to the King's Own Scottish Borderers. This makes a total of £165 which Mrs. Milroy has secured by means of the "khai bag."

Unlawful Possession.

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**ANGLO-INDIAN SCHOOL.**

A Fine Gift by Mr. Ellis Kadoorie.

The band new school for Indians in the Soo Kan Poo Valley, the generous gift of Mr. Ellis Kadoorie to the Government of Hongkong, was opened last evening by His Excellency the Governor. The school is one of the finest in the Colony, not only from an architectural view-point but also from the fact that its grounds are very spacious, and in first class condition. In the immediate enclosure is ground sufficient to accommodate two or three tennis courts, and in addition, right opposite, outside the actual school grounds, is another ground in course of construction which will be open to all the schools in the Colony.

The building is situated on a level plateau about 350 feet long and 150 feet wide, overlooking the Soo Kan Poo Valley. On the ground floor are two class rooms, 30 feet by 20 feet, and one 20 feet square and 14 feet high, with lavatories, etc., at the back of the building. A wide staircase leads up to the first floor, where there is a large room 60 feet by 20 feet, capable of being divided into class rooms by movable partitions. At the north end, is a room for native masters, and, at the south end, a room for the headmaster. At the back are lavatory and kitchen and accommodation for two servants, while in another building there is provision for a further four servants. The main building is provided with verandas back and front, and the grounds are large enough for tennis, football, etc. The building will accommodate about 240 boys, and has been built at a cost of about \$35,000. Messrs. Denison, Rambaud and Gibbs were the architect's.

Amongst those present at yesterday's ceremony, in addition to His Excellency, were:—Lady May, Mr. Ellis Kadoorie, the Hon. Mr. Claud Swinton, Bishop Pozzoni, Mr. E. A. Irving, Director of Education; Mr. Ralph, Inspector of Schools; Mr. P. P. J. Wodehouse, Mr. T. H. King, the Hon. Mr. Lau Chu-pak and Mr. Ho Fook.

Mr. Ellis Kadoorie presented His Excellency with a silver key with which to open the building, and, in doing so, said:—Your Excellency, I have very great pleasure in asking you to accept on behalf of the Government of Hongkong, this school building, which it is my privilege to present to the Colony for the education of Indian boys. I hand to you, sir, this key and request that with it you will unlock the door, and declare this building duly open.

His Excellency's Speech.

His Excellency addressed the gathering as follows:—

It affords me a great deal of pleasure to open this School, the building for which is the generous gift of Mr. Ellis Kadoorie, whose interest in and support of education are well known, and it may be useful to briefly survey the history of this particular institution.

The Committee on Education which reported in 1902 on the educational needs of the Colony dismissed the requirements of the Indian Community in these words:—The case of Parsees and other Indian British Subjects, of whom there are a considerable number in the Colony, has been disregarded. Probably some settlement of their case will have to be made before long, such as the establishment of a small school for their use. No definite recommendations are made on this point, which does not appear to be of instant importance.

The need of the present school sprang from the Bellios Public School, where, the number of Indian boys under 11 years of age had by 1903 increased to 9% of the total enrolment of the girls' school. As much with a view to purge the Chinese girls' school of this admixture of boys as desiring to benefit the boys themselves, a school was started for these Indian boys, with the kind assistance of Mr. Arculli who subscribed over \$800 towards its cost. It was at first housed in a separate room at the Bellios Public School. In his annual report for 1904 the Director of Education wrote: "Properly developed it seems likely to prove a success, and should in time be able

to prepare boys for the Upper School at Queen's College. It would be a logical and popular step if Urdu were made a subject in the Indian School." The school had then been put under an English Mistress, Mrs. Whitehead. In 1905 the school was moved into leased premises; an Indian and a Chinese Master were engaged, and Urdu was made a compulsory subject. The maximum enrolment that year was 44.

In 1906 Mrs. Whitehead resigned and the school was moved to Praya East. These premises were reported in 1907 as "most unsuitable. They are badly lighted and very noisy." In 1909 Mr. Bishen Singh, who is still the senior Indian Master, took charge. By this time the average attendance had fallen to 27. The Inspector reported: "The grant of a free scholarship to Queen's College tenable for 4 years has so far failed to attract more pupils." During this year the school shifted to the building at Causeway Bay, known as Bellios' Reformatory, but shifted back to Praya East again, where it has stayed ever since. By 1911 the average attendance had increased to 50; in 1912 it was 58 which was the high water mark. In 1912 an extensively signed petition was made by the Indian Community for a better building than the Chinese tenement house in which it has until now been held. It was not possible at that time to comply with their request. In 1913 a branch school was started on the Kowloon side, but it did not prove successful and was closed last year. In 1914 Mr. Kadoorie made the offer which led to the erection of the new building, which I may mention has cost no less than \$35,000.

The staff of the New School consists of:—Head Master Mr. E. J. Birbeck, M.A., Trin. Coll. Cantab. Assistant Masters, Mr. Bishen Singh, Mr. Abdullah, Mr. Dhoole. Mr. Birbeck has been a Member of the Staff of Queen's College since 1903, and consequently has had considerable experience in teaching Indian boys who attend the Queen's College Upper School. Mr. Bishen Singh holds the Teacher's Certificate granted by the Education Department to Masters who have passed satisfactorily through a 3 years' Course at the Technical Institute, and in addition Technical Institute Certificate in Physics, English (Stage III), Mathematics (Stage II). He has also passed the Sanitation Examination of the Royal Sanitary Institute and qualified for the Associateship of that Institute.

Mr. Abdullah has passed the Matriculation Examination of the Punjab University, taking Arabic as an extra subject. He also holds the Teacher's Certificate of the Education Department. Mr. Dhoole, who came to the Colony from India a few months ago, possesses a knowledge of English, Urdu and Persian.

There are five classes, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, which correspond as nearly as possible with similar classes at other Government Schools. Class 4, the Senior Class, has been started this term for the first time. This points favourably to the time when more senior work will be done. The numbers in each class are:—Class 4, Seven boys; Class 5, Nine boys; Class 6, Seven boys; Class 7, Eleven boys; Class 8, Thirteen boys. Total 47.

An increased attendance is evidently expected in the near future.

Although the chief work of the School is the teaching of English subjects, one lesson every day is given up to Urdu, the boys being taught and examined in colloquial as well as in written work. This should prove of great benefit to the boys, as they will be enabled to obtain, before leaving school, a good knowledge of both English and Urdu. (Applause).

The school fees, which have hitherto been \$1 each a month, will from the beginning of next year be raised to \$2 a month. Scholarships are available as follows:—

2 Free Exhibitions to the top boys in all classes from class 7 upwards. 1 Free Government Scholarship tenable for 3 years at Queen's College, to the top boy of the School, and 1 Ellis Kadoorie Scholarship of \$60, tenable for 1 year at Queen's College, to the second boy of the School. Hitherto the boys have had very few opportunities of playing games, as no ground has been available. The new School, however, provides ample room for sports, and I doubt less be enthusiastically entered into.

I am sure that this school will be of much benefit to the Indian Community of this Colony, and on behalf of that Community and of the Colony generally, and of

**CANTON NEWS.**

*From Our Own Correspondent.*

## CORRESPONDENCE.

[The opinions expressed by the correspondents are not necessarily those of the "Hongkong Telegraph"]

THE BOXING TOURNAMENT.  
(To the Editor of the Hongkong Telegraph.)

Sir,—In reading over the comments in your paper of October 14, of the boxing held at the City Hall on the 13th inst., I notice you make particular reference to the Pte. Thomas v. Pte. Pye contest. Now, in justice to Pte. Thomas, and without prejudice to Pte. Pye, Thomas was in no way to blame whatsoever for what had happened. Never, during the three uneven rounds in which the contest lasted did Pte. Thomas transgress the rules.

The referee should have stopped the uneven contest in the second round and awarded the contest to Thomas, or Pye's seconds should have thrown in the towel as a signal of defeat. If anyone was to blame, it was the referee.

Yours etc.  
FAIRPLAY.  
Hongkong, October 17, 1916.

## ORIENTAL BEHAVIOUR

Sir,—Yesterday, at 6.05 p.m., five Chinese visited the statue of Sir Thomas Jackson. One of them appeared to doubt the solidness of the marble below, so he squeezed it and convinced himself. The other thought the statue could move, so he pushed it, and deceived himself. The third was very much more sensible and took it as a memorial for one dead and gone, so he sounded "The Last Post" by spitting on it! The last two stood by and looked on with blank amazement and with mouths wide open.

After this experience, I am inclined to ask whether the British have a war newspaper for this class of men. If not, how, and by what means, can these men be told that "We have the Germans by the ears?"

Yours etc.  
QUERY.  
Hongkong, October 17, 1916.

## HUNGHOM MURDER CHARGE.

Prisoner Discharged and Re-arrested.

It will be remembered that at the recent Criminal Sessions, the case in which a Chinese named Lui Chai was charged with murder at Hunghom was not finished, as the jury failed to agree upon a verdict. The prisoner was therefore detained in custody for the case to be further considered by the Attorney General. This morning, the prisoner was again before the Chief Justice (Sir William Rees D'yeve).

The Hon. Attorney General (the Hon. Mr. J. H. Kemp) was present on behalf of the Crown, and prisoner was represented by Mr. G. G. Alabaster (instructed by Mr. P. W. Goldring).

The Attorney General said it had been decided to enter a *noli prosequi*, and he therefore asked for the prisoner to be discharged.

His Lordship told the prisoner that, as the jury had disagreed, the Crown had decided to enter a *noli prosequi*, and not proceed further with the indictment. The prisoner would, therefore, be discharged.

Prisoner was re-arrested on leaving the Court, under a deportation warrant.

## "OUR DAY."

Lady May's Ross Fund.

Already acknowledged ...	\$2,940
Mrs. Suches ...	10
Anonymous ...	25
Commodore & Mrs. Sande ...	23
man ...	23
Hon. Mr. C. Severn ...	50
Dr. & Mrs. Marriott ...	100
Mr. T. F. Hongb ...	150
	\$3,300

## SAKURA BEER



SOLE AGENTS:  
**SUZUKI & CO.**  
TEL. 468  
ALEXANDRA BUILDING.

## LANGKAT OUTPUT.

Messrs. Benjamin and Poole advise us that the Langkat output is as follows:—

October 1	... Tons 118
2	122
3	112
4	101
5	137
6	118
7	126
8	107
9	116
10	113
11	125
12	130
13	118
14	109
15	116
16	103
Total to 16th inst.	1,871
Daily average	116.93

## POLICE RESERVE ORDERS.

Orders issued to-day by Mr. J. W. Franks, A.S.P. (Reserve), state:—

Parades.

Wednesday, Oct. 18.—Men of Nos. 3 and 4 Companies who are warned for duty on "Our Day", at Central, 5.30 p.m. in multi, with rifle, under Sergeant Major Royleance.

Thursday, Oct. 19.—Men warned for duty will parade at Cricket Ground at 2.30 p.m. sharp. Uniform, helmets and rifles.

Saturday, Oct. 21.—Defaulters Drill, Central Station, 4.30 p.m. "Our Day"; Oct. 19.

Only men warned for duty will be allowed to appear in uniform on "Our Day." Other members attending the entertainments must do so in multi.

A single rose may be worn in the puggaree on the left side of the helmet.

The Police Reserve Headquarters' Club will be open to ladies from 12 noon. Light refreshments 1 p.m. to 3 p.m. Tea 5 p.m. to 7 p.m.

Promotions.

No. 3 Company.—The Hon. C.S.P. has approved the following promotions:—Sergeant 59 Yeung Shuk-ting to be Crown Sergeant, P. C. 69 Yuen Kwok-chak to be Sergeant.

No. 4 Company.—Sergeant 50 Chan Sui U to be Crown Sergeant, P. C. 70 Yuen Kwok-yan to be Sergeant, P. C. 26 A. S. Chan to be Sergeant.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

MONDAY, October 23, 1916,

commencing at 11 a.m.

at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street.

(For account of the concerned)

752 Bags Red Antimony Ore (about 700 piculs.)

The Ore can be seen at Nos.

120, 127 and 128 Des Voeux Road, West.

Terms.—Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT, Auctioneer.

**NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.,**  
in which are vested the shares of  
**THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
AND  
**THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS INSURANCE CO.**  
The Undersigned AGENTS for the above Company are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.  
**SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.**  
Agents.

**YORKSHIRE INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
ESTABLISHED 1884.

The Undersigned AGENTS for the above Company are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.  
**SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.**  
Agents.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.  
DAIRY FARM NEWS.

## OUR MOTTO

## "QUALITY"

IS AMPLY DEMONSTRATED BY OUR SUPPLY OF  
**PURE FRESH MILK.**  
**FRESH CREAM.**  
**STERILIZED MILK.**  
(FOR TRAVELLERS GOING ABROAD).

**SOURED MILK.**  
(FOR THOSE OF LIGHT DIGESTION).

## NEW LINES OF HARDWARE

AT  
**WHITEAWAY'S.**

**OBLONG ROASTING TINS.**

SIZE 6 x 9 8 x 11 1/2  
PRICE 75 cts. \$1.00.

**ENAMEL FRENCH EWERS.**  
SIZE 8 11 13  
Price 75 cts. \$1.00; \$1.25.

**POTATO MASHERS**  
EXTRA HEAVY AND STRONG.  
PRICE \$3.00.

**CORRUGATED WASHING BOARDS.**  
PRICE \$1.00.

**METAL DUSTPANS**  
PRICE \$1.00.

**ENAMEL CULLANDERS**  
PRICE \$1.25.

**BISSELL'S GRAND RAPID'S CARPET SWEEPER**  
PRICES \$1.50.

**CAKE TINS.**  
SIZE 5" 6" 7" 8"  
PRICES 20, 25, 30, 35 cts.

**ENAMEL WASH BASIN**  
SIZE 14" 16" 18"  
Price 15, 18, \$1.00

**ENAMEL FISH SLICES.**  
SIZE 14" 16" 18"  
Price 15, 18, \$1.00

**WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.**  
20, DES VOEUX ROAD, HONGKONG.

**MACKINTOSH & CO., LTD.**  
Men's Wear Specialists,  
16, DES VOEUX ROAD.

**WM. POWELL, LTD.**  
Telephone 346.

## FOR QUALITY.

**THIS WEEK**  
**SPECIAL SHOW OF**  
**GENTLEMEN'S**  
**HIGH-CLASS PYJAMAS.**

These are skilfully made in every detail, which will assure you comfortable & perfect fitting garments.  
STOCKED IN ALL THE LEADING FABRICS.

**COLUMBIA RECORDS**

TRIOS BY

**VIOLIN, FLUTE and HARP.**

1098 "THE HERD GIRL'S DREAM."  
"TO MY MOTHER." (Serenade)  
1126 "LITTLE GRANDMOTHER." (Idyll).  
1249 "DREAMY MOMENTS."  
"ALPINE VIOLETS."  
"ON THE HIGH ALPS."  
1477 "OFF IN THE STILLY NIGHT."  
"SIMPLY AVEU."  
2473 "CHRISTMAS JOY."  
"THE WARBLER'S FAREWELL."

**ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.**  
6, DES. VOEUX ROAD.  
TEL. 1322.

**CLIFFORD WILKINSON'S TANSAN**  
IN FULL SWING

**THE ONE AND ONLY MEDICINAL WATER FOR ATHLETES**

SOLE AGENTS:—

**CANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.**  
Tel. No. 135.  
8, Queen's Road Central,  
Hongkong.

## SHIPPING

**P.&O.S.N.C.**

## ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

WILL despatch VESSELS to the Undermentioned PORTS on or about the DATES named:

For	Steamers	To Sail On	Remarks
L'DON & Bombay via Spore, Penang, C'bo, Port Said and Marseilles...	NOVARA	noon	Connecting at Colombo with Mail Steamer MOREA.
SHANGHAI, Moji and Kobe	NYANZA	about 26th Oct.	Direct Service.
LONDON via Singapore, P'ang, C'bo, Port Said & Marseilles	NORE	noon	Direct Service.
SHANGHAI, Moji, Kobe and Yoko-hama	MALTA	about 6th Nov.	Direct Service.

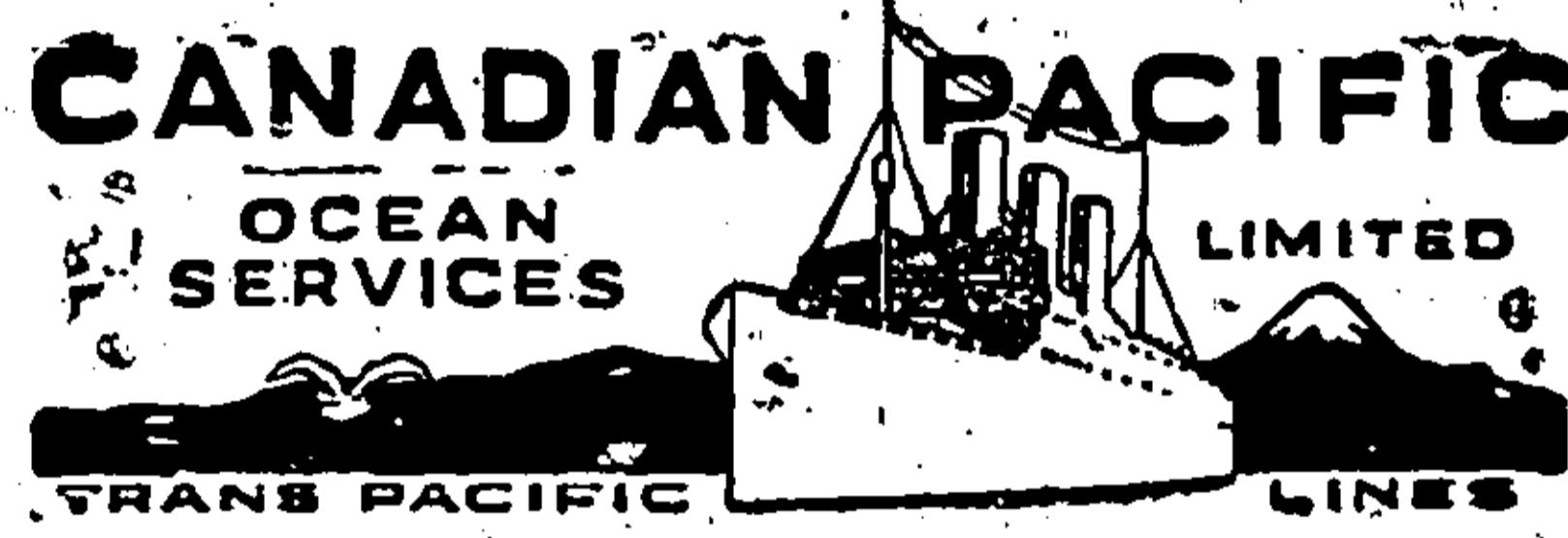
WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS. Return tickets at a fare-and-a-half available to Europe for two years, or Intermediate Ports for six months. Round the world and through tickets to New York, at Special Rates.

For PASSAGE RATES, HAND-BOOKS, and FREIGHTS apply to

E. V. D. Parr,

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s office, Acting Superintendent.

Hongkong, 13th Oct., 1916.



## QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

To Canada, United States and Europe via Vancouver  
In connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Hong Kong to Vancouver 17 days. Hong Kong to Montreal 22 days.

Hong Kong to Chicago 21 days. Hong Kong to New York 22½ days.

EMPEROR OF RUSSIA and EMPRESS OF ASIA  
16,850 tons Gross Register, Quadruple Screw, Speed 21 Knots.

Largest and most Luxurious ship on the Pacific.

BAILINGS FROM HONG KONG subject to change. BAILENS FROM HONG KONG

EMPEROR OF RUSSIA 2 Nov. EMPRESS OF RUSSIA 28 Dec.

Monteagle 7 Nov. Empress of Japan 10 Jan.

Empress of Japan 15 Nov. Monteagle 3 Feb.

EMPEROR OF ASIA 30 Nov.

Calling at Shanghai, Nagasaki (Inland Sea), Kobe and Yokohama.

Monteagle calls Moji instead of Nagasaki.

Through Bills of Lading issued via Vancouver in connection with Canadian Pacific Ry. to all Overland Points in Canada and the United States, also to Pacific Coast Points, European ports and West Indies.

For further information as to rates of Freight, and Passage, Sailing List, etc. please apply to

P. D. BUTTERLAND, General Agent, Passenger Department, Hong Kong.

J. H. WALLACE, General Agent, Hong Kong.

**BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.**

## APCAR LINE.

Regular Service Between  
CALCUTTA, STRAITS, SHANGHAI and JAPAN PORTS.

## EASTWARD.

The S.S. "Gregory Apcar," tons 4,604, Capt. will be despatched for Shanghai, Kobe & Moji on the 23rd instant.

## WESTWARD.

The S.S. "Japan," tons 6,013, Capt. J. R. O'Sullivan, will be despatched for Singapore, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta on the 20th inst.

The above steamers have excellent saloon accommodations for passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

For freight or passage, apply to

DAVID SASSEON & CO., LTD.,  
Hongkong, Oct. 17, 1916. Agents.

**"ELLERMAN" LINE.**  
(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)JAPAN, CHINA & STRAITS  
TO  
UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT.

For  
LONDON ..... Steamer Karonga Sails.  
Subject to change without notice.

For rates of freight and further information apply to

THE BANK LINE, LTD.  
General Agents,  
or to REISS & Co., Canton  
Hongkong, 12th Oct., 1916.

**BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.**

NEW SERVICE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN  
Yokohama, Kobe, Hongkong and Rangoon.

Steamers are despatched Eastward and Westward at regular intervals taking Passengers and Cargo at current Rates.

For Freight and Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.  
Agents.

Telephone No. 215.

## SHIPPING

**NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.**

## THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

Projected Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to Alteration

Destination. Steamers. Sailing Date

L'DON via Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, Durban, Cape Town, Tenerife, VICTORIA, B.C., and SEATTLE via Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, and Yokohama.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE, via Manila, Thursday Island, Townsville and Brisbane.

CALCUTTA via Spore, Penang & Rangoon.

BOMBAY via Spore, Malacca & C'bo.

SHANGHAI, Moji and Kobe.

NAGASAKI, Kobe.

SHANGHAI & Kobe.

YOKOHAMA via T'angpo.

CALCUTTA via Colombo.

BOMBAY via T'angpo.

SHANGHAI, Moji and Kobe.

YOKOHAMA via T'angpo.

CALCUTTA via Colombo.

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YOKOHAMA via T'angpo.

CALCUTTA via Colombo.

BOMBAY via T'angpo.

## SHIPPING.

## KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPI.

(ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO.)  
The S.S. "van SPILBERGEN".  
This vessel plies regularly between HONGKONG & BELAWAN DELI (Sumatra) via Swatow.  
Next departure from Hongkong: October 25, 1916.

This vessel has excellent saloon accommodation for a limited number of passengers, is fitted with all modern conveniences and carries a duly qualified surgeon.  
For freight and passage apply to:

Vork Building. Tel. 1574.  
Hongkong, 29th May, 1916.  
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.  
Agents.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.  
U. S. MAIL LINE.

Operating the new First Class Steamers  
"ECUADOR," "VENEZUELA" and "COLOMBIA".

14,000 tons Each.

Hongkong to San Francisco,  
via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama and HONOLULU.

## THE SUNSHINE BELT.

The most comfortable Route to America and Europe.

Sailings from Hongkong.

s.s. "VENEZUELA" ... ...

s.s. "COLOMBIA" ... ...

s.s. "ECUADOR" ... ...

These steamers have the most modern equipment including  
ALL LOWER BERTHS and Large  
Comfortable Staterooms (all single and two berths only).

The Safety and Comfort of Passengers is our First Consideration.  
For further information, rates, literature, schedules, etc.,  
Apply to:

Company's Office in  
ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS,  
Telephone No. 141. Chater Road.

## NOTICES.

WELLS FARGO & CO.  
EXPRESS.

FORWARDERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.  
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE  
SHIPPING OF TOURISTS' BAGGAGE AND  
PURCHASES. TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES CASHED.

B. MONTEITH WEBB & CO., Representatives.  
1a, Chater Road. Phone No. 1500.

TAIKOO DOCKYARD,  
BUILDERS OF SHIPS, ENGINES,  
BOILERS

Of all Types and Sizes. Repairers, Salvors,  
Forgemasters, Brass and Iron Founders,  
Electrical and Mechanical Engineers.

## GRAVING DOCK.

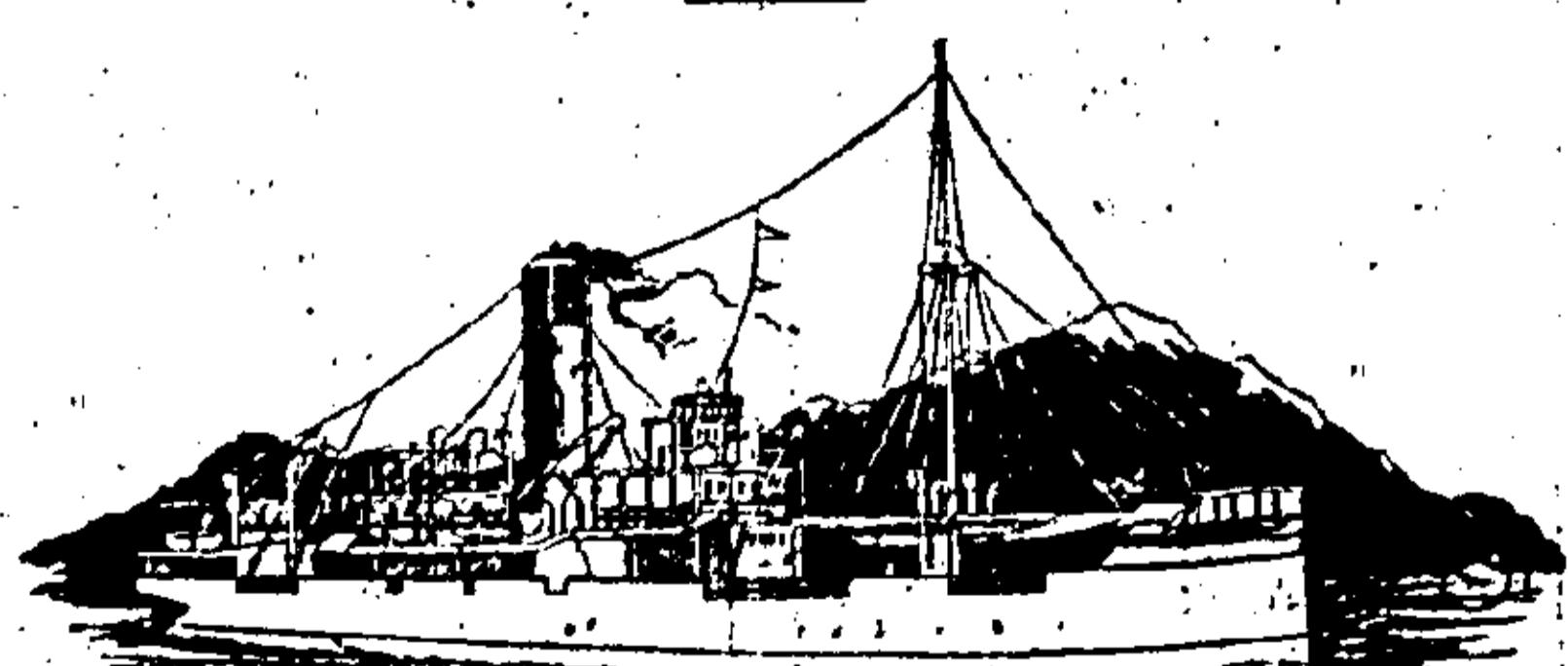
787' x 38' x 34'-6"

## PATENT SLIPWAYS.

Take Vessels up to 5,000 Tons Displacement.

## ELECTRIC CRANES

Ranging up to 100 Tons.



S.S. "KAJANG" launched April, 1916.

OXY-ACETYLENE  
and Electric Welding Systems.

## AGENTS FOR:-

JOHN I. THORNYCROFT & CO., LTD.  
Mr. ROXBURGH, Messrs. THORNYCROFT's Representative is at present in  
Hongkong and may be seen by appointment.

Marine & Road Motors, Light Draft Carriers,  
Gunboats, Speedy Launches, Harbour Craft,  
Houseboats and Pleasure Craft of every description.  
Motor Pumping Sets, Motor Vehicles, &c.

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD AND  
ENGINEERING COMPANY,  
OF HONGKONG, LIMITED.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

HONGKONG, CHINA & JAPAN, AGENTS.  
Tel. Address "TAIKOODOCK" Tel. No. 212.

## VESSELS LOADING AND TO LOAD.

## EUROPEAN PORTS.

Destination.	Vessel's Name.	For Freight Apply To	To be Despatched
London via Cape Town	C. of Manila	B. L. Ltd.	18, Oct.
London via Cape Town	Fushimi M.	N. Y. K.	20, Oct.
London via Ports	P. & O.		20, Oct.
London via Ports	B. L. Ltd.		25, Oct.
London via Ports	P. & O.		3, Nov.
London via Ports	B. & S.		6, Nov.
London via Ports	Ajax	B. & S.	7, Nov.
London via Ports	Pyrrhus	B. & S.	13, Nov.
London via Cape Town	Hirano M.	N. Y. K.	25, Nov.
Genoa	Mer'shire	J. M. Co.	2nd Nov.

## NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO AND CANADA.

Seattle via Japan	Exion	B. & S.	17, Oct.
San Francisco via Manila	Nippon M.	T. K. K.	18, Oct.
South American Ports	Okimisan M.	T. K. K.	18, Oct.
New York via Panama	Tsuyama M.	N. Y. K.	20, Oct.
Boston and New York	Newby Hall	B. L. Ltd.	23, Oct.
Victoria, B.C., & Seattle	Kam'ure M.	N. Y. K.	31, Oct.
San Francisco via Manila	Shinyo M.	T. K. K.	1, Nov.
Vancouver via Japan	E. of Russia	C. P. O. S.	2, Nov.
South American Ports	Moitsaek	C. P. O. S.	7, Nov.
Boston and New York	Seiyo M.	T. K. K.	9, Nov.
San Francisco via Japan	Egremont C.	D. & Co.	10, Nov.
Vancouver via Japan	Karimoen	J. C. J. L.	11, Nov.
South American Ports	E. of Japan	C. P. O. S.	15, Nov.
Boston and New York	Kanagawam T.	K. K.	15, Nov.
San Francisco via Japan	China	C. M. S.	15, Nov.
Seattle and Japan	Talibybus	B. & S.	21, Nov.
Victoria, B.C., via Japan	Y'hama M.	N. Y. K.	22, Nov.

## AUSTRALIA.

Australia via Manila	St. Albans	G. L. Co.	10, Nov.
Australia via Manila	Aki M.	N. Y. K.	14, Nov.
SINGAPORE, INDIA, COAST PORTS AND JAPAN.			
Tientsin	Huichow	B. & S.	17, Oct.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haitan	D. L. Co.	17, Oct.
Shanghai	Luchow	B. & S.	17, Oct.
Kobe and Moji	Kumsang	J. M. Co.	17, Oct.
Singapore to Calcutta	Japan	D. S. & Co.	18, Oct.
Calcutta via Ports	Colombo M.	N. Y. K.	18, Oct.
Manila	Liangchow	B. & S.	18, Oct.
Manila, Cebu and Iloilo	Taming	B. & S.	19, Oct.
Shanghai, Moji and Kobe	Rangoon M.	N. Y. K.	19, Oct.
Shanghai and Japan	Shantung	B. & S.	19, Oct.
Singapore	Tensho M.	J. M. Co.	20, Oct.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haiching	D. L. & Co.	20, Oct.
Manila	Loonggang	J. M. Co.	21, Oct.
Shanghai	Yingchow	B. & S.	22, Oct.
Hoibow and Haiphong	Choyasang	J. M. Co.	22, Oct.
Shanghai, Kobe and Moji	Loksaug	J. M. Co.	24, Oct.
Manila, Cebu and Iloilo	Gregory A.	D. S. & Co.	24, Oct.
Shanghai and Japan	Tean	B. & S.	24, Oct.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haihong	D. S. & Co.	24, Oct.
Bombay via Ports	Van S.	J. C. J. L.	25, Oct.
Shanghai, Moji and Kobe	Bombay M.	N. Y. K.	26, Oct.
Vladivostock	Nyanza	P. & O.	26, Oct.
Shanghai to Yokohama	Mer'shire	J. M. Co.	26, Oct.
Sandakan	Kamo M.	N. Y. K.	27, Oct.
Shanghai and Kobe	Mausang	J. M. Co.	27, Oct.
Singapore, Penang and Calcutta	Yuensang	J. M. Co.	28, Oct.
Shanghai and Japan	Ceylon M.	N. Y. K.	30, Oct.
Java	Kumsang	J. M. Co.	1, Nov.
Manila	Oansa	B. & S.	3, Nov.
Shanghai, Moji, Kobe and Y'hama	Tijitaroem	J. C. J. L.	4, Nov.
Shanghai and Japan	Talibybus	B. & S.	5, Nov.
Shanghai and Japan	Malta	P. & O.	6, Nov.
Ningchow	Cyclops	B. & S.	15, Nov.
Ningchow	B. & S.	B. & S.	16, Nov.

## NOTICE.

E. HINC  
WING WOO STREET  
SHIP CHANDLERS & GENERAL STOREKEEPERS.  
STEEL, IRON, BRASS & METAL MERCHANTS.  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL IRONMONGERS.  
TELEPHONE 1116.

## CONSIGNEES

FRANK WATERHOUSE &  
CO., INC.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

From KOBE,  
The Steamship

## "GISHUN MARU"

having arrived from the above  
Ports, Consignees of cargo by her  
are hereby informed that all goods  
are being landed at their risk into  
the hazardous and/or extra  
hazardous Godowns of the Hong-  
kong and Kowloon Wharf and  
Godown Company, Limited,  
whence, and/or from the wharves,  
delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by October  
18, at 5:00 p.m. will be sub-  
ject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged  
packages are to be left in the  
Godowns where they will be  
examined on October 18, 1916,  
at 9:30 a.m. Claims against the  
Steamer must be presented within  
10 days of arrival, otherwise they  
will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effect-  
ed by us in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be counter-  
signed by:

JARDINE, MATHESON  
& CO., LTD.

Tel. No. 215, Sub. Ex. No. 10.

Hongkong, October 14, 1916.

## TO SAIL

FOR BOSTON & NEW YORK

s.s. "EGREMONT CASTLE"

10th November.

It is intended that the above  
vessel will proceed via Panama  
Canal.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Agents.

FRANK WATERHOUSE AND  
CO., INC.

## FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

## THE Steamship

"KEISHIN MARU"

will be despatched for the above  
port early in November.

For Freight and further par-  
ticulars apply to:-

JARDINE, MATHESON  
& CO., LTD.

Tel. No. 215, Sub. Ex. No. 10.

Hongkong, October 14, 1916.

For the best Meals, Refresh-  
ments, Bread, Cakes and Con-  
fectionery at the lowest prices.

ALEXANDRA CAFÉ.

MOVEMENTS OF  
STEAMERS.

## ENGLISH MAIL.

The P. & O. s.s. SOMALI which left  
Hongkong on the 15th Aug. last, arrived in  
London on Friday evening, the 18th instant.

The P. & O. Homeward Mail Steamer  
KASHIGAR with the Hongkong Mails of  
the 8th September last, arrived at Mar-  
seilles on Friday evening, the 13th instant.

The P. & O. Outward Mail Steamer  
MANWA with the London Mails of the  
5th October last, arrived at Port Said on  
Saturday, the 14th instant.

## MERCHANT STEAMERS.

The China Mail S.S. Co. Steamer  
CHINA left San Francisco on October 1<sup>st</sup>  
and may be expected to arrive in Hong  
kong on or about November 8<sup>th</sup>.



## COMMERCIAL NEWS.

Tientsin Machinery. There was a substantial increase in the import of machinery into Tientsin for the March quarter 1916, when it was valued at Tls. 84,256 and for the same quarter in 1915 at Tls. 59,295, showing an increase of Tls. 24,981. There was also an increase in electrical materials, which were valued at Tls. 29,715 for the March quarter in 1916 and Tls. 13,606 in 1915, a difference of Tls. 16,219.

## F. M. S. Metals.

F. M. S. tin export for August 62,690 piculs against 67,971 piculs in August 1915. Approximate value \$5,104,854, against \$5,002,011. Duty \$61,416 against \$583,471. Decrease Jan. Aug., 1916, from the corresponding period 1915, 32,495 picul. Increase in duty \$460,452. Wolfram—528 picul. Total for 1916 3,504 picul, against 2,537. No duty on Wolfram now. Gold—1,196 oz; for this year 8,225 oz.

## Shanghai Trade.

Reporting on the trade of Shanghai for 1915 the Commissioner of Customs observes that notwithstanding the continued and ever-increasing disorganisation of commerce caused by the European war and not a little political unrest in China generally, the port is able to look back on 1915 as a year of marked local prosperity. Though the aggregate volume of the trade is smaller than that of some recent years and the revenue consequently somewhat less, it is generally conceded that business has been good all round and that returns to traders have been exceptionally satisfactory, particularly in the case of exports. Owing partly, no doubt, to the restrictions imposed on the import trade by the war and an abnormally low silver exchange during the early part of the year, but largely to demand created by the war itself, the value of the Chinese produce shipped abroad exceeded that of the foreign goods imported for the first time in a half-century of the port's history, and the balance in favour of exports would have been considerably heavier had there been a sufficient supply of tonnage to carry all the cargo offering. As it was, the value of Chinese produce shipped abroad from Shanghai in 1915 exceeded all previous years' returns, and was over 20 million taels higher than in 1910 and 1913—till now the record years.—*L. and C. Express.*

## Japanese Competition in Nether-lands India.

The Agricultural Department of Netherlands India recently instituted an inquiry into the scope of the commercial intercourse between Japan and the colony since and as a result of the war. The report thereupon has been presented but not yet published, but news to hand—says the *Gazette de Holland*—shows that Japan has eagerly seized the opportunity of getting a firm footing in Netherlands India. In several instances a good chance has presented itself to the Japanese, if not of pushing European trade aside, at any rate of seriously injuring it. This is amongst other branches, the case with the iron and glass industry. The report further states that European trade, having only an eye to immediate gain, is exporting articles which it had better keep in the country. On the other hand, the *Locomotif*, one of the foremost papers of Netherlands India, also expresses the view that Japan has obtained a firmer market in our Colonies. The bulk of Colonial imports are based on native requirements, with the result, so far as furniture for the natives is concerned, imports are limited to the cheapest kinds. Germany met these requirements best before the war, but it is now Germany's best equipped competitor who is usurping this market, probably to hold it. But in other branches also, Japan is setting on the East Indian market. Her imports of copper rose during the first six months of this year from 10,375,000 to 14,235,000 kilos, whilst imports of brass and copper wire have been started on a large scale. On the other hand, Netherlands India is sending greatly increased quantities of sugar to Japan, but for the rest Japan is having the best of the position. This is the result of its enormous advertising, adds our Colonial contemporary.

Australian Zinc for the Allies. In a recent issue, says the *Financial Times*, we dealt with Mr. Hughes' important announcement in Melbourne on the Imperial zinc question. Briefly that question was how best to provide facilities for the treatment of the 400,000 tons of zinc concentrates annually produced in Australia, the great bulk of which formerly went to Germany. The extremely high price which, owing to our dependence upon foreign supplies, has had to be paid for spelter, required in the making of munitions, has imparted to the subject a national importance and rendered an early solution of the difficulty eminently desirable. The British Government has agreed to purchase 100,000 tons of zinc concentrates per annum during the war and the same quantity yearly for ten years after the war. It has also agreed to purchase for ten years 45,000 tons per annum of spelter produced in Australia; and as it takes 2½ tons of concentrates to produce one ton of spelter this represents an additional 12,500 tons of concentrates. With the amount now taken privately the total amount of concentrates to be treated within the Empire will under this arrangement be about 250,000 tons, compared with an almost negligible quantity before the war. Negotiations are proceeding with France and Belgium to take the remainder of the concentrates produced in the Commonwealth, but no arrangement with those countries can be carried into effect until the war is over.

Philippine Timber for China. Consistent with the present policy of the Philippine Bureau of Forestry, of encouraging and developing the Philippine lumber industry with government assistance, Mr. L. R. Stadtmiller, chief of the division of forest management, has just left on a visit to China, but he is also charged with the mission of studying the lumber conditions there and to report his findings when he returns. This undertaking has been decided on by the Bureau of Forestry officials as it is believed that this is the right time for introducing Philippine lumber into the China markets. Heretofore, this was found to be impracticable owing to the steady lumber trade of that country with the United States and Japan which could offer more advantageous prices than the Philippine could give. Times have changed however, and the scarcity of bottoms between China and the United States and the rise in freight rates, has forced that country to abandon American lumber importations. Japan is of course, at present at least, out of the question as the European war has more or less clogged her commerce with her neighbour. As is generally known, China has no forests to speak of, and the lumber used for house building or even for kindling wood must come from the outside. It is true that she can count on her forests located in the southern provinces and Manchuria, but these are getting more and more difficult to exploit owing to the disturbed conditions which now prevail in China. It would thus appear that apparently, her only source of lumber is the Philippines, and Director Fisher of the Bureau of Forestry is of the opinion that this is the right time for marketing Philippine lumber in Chinese markets. If Philippine lumber, after invading these markets, succeeds in getting a firm hold, the benefits will be mutual. It will furnish China with a steady market and it will revive the now dim heartened lumber trade which has been almost killed by the European war. It will be remembered that during the first months of the war, and even as late as a year after the outbreak of hostilities, which resulted in the cancellation of almost all orders for lumber, and the encumbrance of the market, the lumber business was almost strangled. Of late, however, there has been signs of picking up and if the China market is secured for the present at least, there has been placed with certain lumber concerns here an order for P76,000 worth of sawed lumber the destination of which is China.

Tea Report. Messrs. Wm. Jas. and H. Thompson's weekly tea circular (London September 13) states with reference to Java tea:—Offerings during the week 5,327 pkgs, against 11,893 pkgs. last year; total from January 1 to date 205,618 pkgs, against 203,516 pkgs. last year. The offerings were a little smaller than last week, and in sympathy with other growths prices were 1d. to 2d. occasionally 3d. higher, useful liquoring medium grades being the best inquiry. Among the highest averages were:—

Goaipara, 1s. 6d.; Tjiboeu, 1d.; Girawas, Neglasario, and Tjokoe, 1d. The average for the whole sale or garden account is 1d., compared with 10½d. a year ago. We are indebted to the Vereeniging Tee Export Bureau of Batavia for the Jan.-June 1916, export figures:—To Holland 15,802,458 half kilos; England 9,288,216; Russia, 12,284,778; Australia, 3,302,662; Canada and America, 338,692; Singapore, 395,882; other ports 3,380,544; total half-kilos. 44,743,228, against 43,578,138 last year. The quantity of tea exported from Sumatra from Jan. 1 to end of May, 1916, was 824,670 lbs., compared with 550,180 lbs. for the same period in 1915. China—Arrivals: Kashima Maru with 16,467 pkgs.; Mentor with 13,401 pkgs.; and Carmarthenshire with 1,226 pkgs. Privately.—A fair business has been done in common descriptions, otherwise the market remains unchanged. At the quarterly meeting of the Co-operative Wholesale Society in London, the chairman (Mr. G. Thorpe, Dabwbury) declared, on behalf of the directors, that there was no truth in the allegations that the tea market had been rigged by that society. On behalf of the society astonishment is expressed that a Government Department should have been persuaded to associate itself with a campaign of calumny that had proved to be an entire failure." With regard to the alleged overbuying, which led to an unfair and futile raid upon their great tea warehouse, the official reply states that the Co-operative Wholesale Society is the biggest tea dealer in the kingdom, and adds that in the autumn of 1915, by taking away the business from the selling brokers, the price of tea was reduced from 11½d. in August to 8d. in November. The tea department bought during the period mentioned in the accusations is only 45,000 lb. more than was purchased in the same period of 1913, while sales had in the meantime increased to the extent of 2,400,000 lb.

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## HONGKONG SHARE REPORT.

## Commercial and Produce Markets.

London, Sept. 16.—The Bank rate remains unchanged at 6 per cent. The Open market rate for short loans is now 5 per cent, and discount of four months' Bank bills 5½ to 5½ per cent. The Silver market has been firm, with a rather high level of prices, bars being now quoted 32 5½d. per oz. In the Rubber Share Market considerable activity has prevailed, and prices are generally on the up grade. At an extraordinary meeting of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, on 7th Sept., the resolution for the acquisition of the New Zealand Shipping Company was unanimously approved, and a resolution passed increasing the capital of the P. and O. from £1,798,133 deferred stock to £2,704,853 deferred stock. The China Tea market is practically unchanged, there being a fair business at firm prices. Oolong has met with good competition, and full prices were obtained. The Sugar markets continue firm, with a good demand. Peppers remain steady, but very quiet. Manila also steady, but quiet. Plantation Rubber has been firmer, Standard No. 1 Ocreps being quoted 2s. 3d. per lb., and Smoked Sheet 2s. 3d. 4d. per lb. Fine Hard Para is 2s. 6d. 10s. to 2s. 10s. 15s. for cash, and 2s. 7d. 10s. 15s. to 2s. 10s. 15s. for three months' delivery.

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## ENTERTAINMENT.

**WAR CHARITIES.**  
**"OUR DAY"**  
 THURSDAY, 19TH OCTOBER,  
 will be devoted all over the Empire to collecting funds for  
**THE BRITISH RED CROSS  
 SOCIETY**  
**AND**  
**THE ORDER OF ST. JOHN OF  
 JERUSALEM**  
 IN AID OF THE WOUNDED.  
**LADY MAY'S ROSE FUND.**

20,000 roses have been given, and will be sold throughout the day by numerous ladies and school children.

Subscriptions to the Rose Fund will also be gladly received at any time before the day by Lady May at Government House, who will send a rose with the acknowledgement.

**GREAT ENGLISH FAIR.**

in the Afternoon, from 3 till 7, on the Murray Parade Ground.  
**COCONUT SHIES.**  
**DANCING ENCLOSURE.**  
**JUNGLE SHOOTING RANGE** (Elephant, Lions, and the Peak Tiger).  
**RED CROSS COMPETITIONS.**  
 THE "EVERYTHING" STORES.  
 THE SWANKS.

**ALL THE FUN OF THE FAIR.**

Entrance 50 Cents.

**FETE AND ILLUMINATIONS**

in the Evening, from 9 till 11.30, at the Public Gardens.  
**CONCERT.** TWO BANDS.  
 Entrance, \$1; seats in Reserved Enclosures, \$2 and \$1 extra.

Refreshments on sale during the Afternoon and Evening.

Tickets obtainable at MOUTRIE'S and the ROBINSON PIANO CO., and from MEMBERS OF THE WAR CHARITIES COMMITTEE.  
 E. R. HALIFAX, Hon. Secretary.

**THE HONGKONG  
 THEATRE****PUBLIC AUCTION****GEO. P. LAMMERT.****AUCTIONEER, SHARE &  
 GENERAL BROKER.**

at Shameen, Canton.  
 The Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

TUESDAY, October 24,

1916.

commencing at 11 a.m.  
 at the Godowns of the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Shameen, Canton, 1 Remington Marine Oil Engine (6 H.P.)

2 Electric Motors (6 H.P. &amp; 12 H.P.)

1 Switchboard.

1 Dynamo.

1 Search Light.

88 Knitting Machines.

8 Hat Sewing Machines.

2 Silk Looms.

1 Towel Loom.

22 Cash Boxes.

1 Horse Gear Pump.

6 Emery Grinders.

55 Tobacco Knives

6 Desk Fans.

36 Bales Yarn (16s &amp; 16s)

33 Cases Claret.

On view from Monday, the 23rd Inst.

Tours: Hongkong banknotes on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,

Auctioneer.

NOTICES.

**"OUR DAY".**

THE EXCHANGE BANKS  
 will be CLOSED for the transaction of Public Business on THURSDAY, the 19th inst., at 1 p.m.

Hongkong, October 14, 1916.

**LESSONS IN CHINESE.**

**M**rs. H. S. FAN, a Chinese graduate versed in literature, has been a teacher to Europeans and Chinese, and merchant in this Colony for ten years.

Has a good method of training Europeans to speak Chinese, and possesses a first rate certificate as a Chinese teacher. Has also a good knowledge of Mandarin and Hakka.

Those who desire learning the Chinese language may apply to Mrs. H. S. FAN, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 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